US Presidential Election 2012: Issues and Trends in Domestic and Foreign Policy under the Second Obama Administration

Elina Noor Kuala Lumpur, 30 January 2013

Outline

State of relations
Pace changers
Takeaways





State of relations



"For many years US and Malaysian forces have cooperated on a wide range of missions with virtually no fanfare or public acknowledgement. And in spite of its success, our bilateral defence relationship seems to be an all too wellkept secret ".

> Defence Minister Najib Razak "US-Malaysia Defence Cooperation: A solid success story" The Heritage Foundation, Washington, DC 3 May 2002

Trade & investment

Importance of US in Malaysia's trade		Importance of Malaysia in US' trade
In 2 • •	2000, US was Malaysia's: 1 st trading partner and followed by Japan, Singapore and Taiwan; 1 st export destination and followed by Singapore, Japan and Hong Kong; and 2 nd largest source of imports after Japan, and followed by Singapore and Taiwan.	after Singapore; and
In 2 •	2006, US was Malaysia's: 1 st trading partner and followed by Singapore, Japan and China; 1 st export destination and followed by Singapore, Japan and China; and 2 nd largest source of imports after Japan, and followed by China and Singapore.	 In 2006, Malaysia was US': 19th largest export destination; and 10th largest source of imports.
In 2 • •	010, US was Malaysia's: 4th largest trading partner after China, Singapore and Japan; 4th largest export destination after Singapore, China, and Japan; and 4th largest source of imports after Japan, China and Singapore.	 In 2010, Malaysia was US': 19th largest export destination; 16th largest import source; 2nd largest export destination among the ASEAN countries after Singapore; and 1st largest import source among ASEAN countries.

Importance of US in Malaysia's trade & the Importance of Malaysia in US' trade, 2000 - 2010 Source: MATRADE and IMF's Direction of Trade Statistics Yearbook 2000, 2007 and 2010

Politics & diplomacy

"For decades, this relationship did not realize its potential. We all too often found ourselves on different sides of geopolitical fault lines, and at times, in the past, have struggled to rise above mistrust. And yet today, this relationship has become one of America's most promising in all of Southeast Asia".

> William J Burns US Deputy Secretary of State "The United States, Malaysia, and the Asia Pacific" ISIS Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur

15 December 2011

Socio-cultural initiatives, science & technology





Pace changers

- US domestic issues economy, gun control, immigration, Congressional divisions;
- Cabinet /Personality changes;
- Regional dynamics -SCS, US-China
- International flashpoints – Afghanistan, Middle East, Iran, terrorism.

Takeaways

- Substance of bilateral relations will likely remain largely unchanged;
- Bilateral relationship grounded in multiple issue areas, complemented by institutionalised regional cooperation will:
- I. Benefit the strategic interests of both countries and of the region;
- II. Endure the vagaries of politics and time.
- Long-term opportunity of empowering current relationship for the next generation.



Thank you

A REPORT OF THE CSIS SOUTHEAST ASIA PROGRAM AND ISIS MALAYSIA

From Strength to Empowerment the Next Generation of U.S.-MALAYSIA RELATIONS

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May 2012





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